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LISTING OF THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the present application.

Claim 1 (Currently Amended) A method of forming a thin channel MOSFET comprising:

- providing a SOI substrate having an SOI layer located on a buried insulating layer;
- forming a block mask having a channel via atop said SOI substrate;
- providing a localized oxide region in said SOI layer on top of, and in contact with, an upper surface of said buried insulating layer thereby forming a thinned portion of said SOI layer, said localized oxide region being self-aligned with said channel via;
- forming a gate in said channel via;
- removing at least said block mask; and
- forming source/drain extensions in said SOI layer abutting said thinned portion of said SOI layer.

Claim 2 (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 1 wherein providing said localized oxide region further comprises:

- implanting oxygen dopant through said channel via to create a dopant profile in a portion of said SOI layer; and

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annealing said SOI substrate to convert said dopant profile into said localized oxide region ~~in top of and in contact with said buried insulating layer thereby thinning said portion of said SOI layer.~~

Claim 3 (Original) The method of Claim 2 wherein said SOI layer comprises a thickness ranging from about 20.0 nm to about 70.0 nm.

Claim 4 (Original) The method of Claim 2 wherein said SOI layer further comprises isolation regions.

Claim 5 (Original) The method of Claim 2 wherein said oxygen dopant is implanted with a dopant concentration ranging from 1×10^{14} atoms/cm² to 2×10^{18} atoms/cm².

Claim 6 (Cancelled)

Claim 7 (Original) The method of Claim 2 wherein said oxygen dopant is implanted using an ion implantation apparatus having a current beam density ranging from about 5.0 mA cm⁻² to about 10.0 mA cm⁻².

Claim 8 (Original) The method of Claim 2 wherein said SOI layer comprises Si, SiGe, SiGeC, SiC or combinations thereof.

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Claim 9 (Original) The method of Claim 2 wherein said localized oxide region thins said portion of said SOI layer to less than about 50.0 nm.

Claim 10 (Original) The method of Claim 2 further comprising forming a material stack on said SOI substrate prior to forming said block mask, said material stack including a pad oxide layer positioned on said SOI layer and an etch stop layer positioned on said pad oxide layer.

Claim 11 (Original) The method of Claim 10 wherein said etch stop layer comprises Si_3N_4 .

Claim 12 (Original) The method of Claim 10 wherein said forming said block mask having said channel via further comprises:

forming a dummy gate region atop said material stack;

forming a masking layer substantially coplanar with a top surface of said dummy gate region;

removing said dummy gate region to produce said block mask having said channel via; and

forming a conformal film atop said block mask and within said channel via.

Claim 13 (Original) The method of Claim 12 wherein said masking layer is a high-density plasma oxide.

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Claim 14 (Original) The method of Claim 10 wherein said etch stop is formed by a deposition process selected from the group consisting of chemical vapor deposition, room temperature chemical vapor deposition, and plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition and has a thickness ranging from about 50.0 nm to about 150.0 nm.

Claim 15 (Original) The method of Claim 12 wherein forming said dummy gate region comprises

depositing a layer of polysilicon atop said etch stop layer;
applying a patterned photoresist to said layer of polysilicon; and
etching said regions of said layer of polysilicon not underlying said patterned photoresist to form said dummy gate region.

Claim 16 (Original) The method of Claim 15 wherein said etching said regions of said layer of polysilicon not underlying said patterned photoresist comprises HBr etch chemistries.

Claim 17 (Original) The method of Claim 15 further comprising removing said patterned photoresist using an O₂ ash process.

Claim 18 (Original) The method of Claim 12 wherein said removing said dummy gate region comprises etching said dummy gate regions with bromide gas etch chemistries having a high selectivity to said etch stop layer.

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Claim 19 (Original) The method of Claim 18 wherein said dummy gate region is removed using chemical deposition etching or KOH stopping on said etch stop layer.

Claim 20 (Original) The method of Claim 12 wherein said forming said gate in said channel via comprises:

etching horizontal surfaces of said conformal film and said material stack to expose said SOI layer;

forming a gate dielectric atop said SOI layer;

forming a gate conductor atop said gate dielectric and removing said block mask.

Claim 21 (Original) The method of Claim 20 wherein said gate dielectric is formed by thermal oxidation.

Claim 22 (Original) The method of Claim 20 wherein said forming said gate conductor comprises blanket depositing a gate conductor material atop said block mask and atop said gate dielectric and planarizing said gate conductor material until said gate conductor material is coplanar with said block mask.

Claim 23 (Original) The method of Claim 20 wherein etching said material stack layer comprises:

etching said etch stop layer selective to said pad oxide layer; and

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etching said pad oxide layer with a chemical oxide removal process comprising a vapor or plasma of HF and NH₃.

Claim 24 (Original) The method of Claim 20 where said gate conductor material is polysilicon.

Claim 25 (Original) The method of Claim 20 wherein said polysilicon is doped prior to said removing said block mask.

Claim 26 (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein forming source/drain extension regions further comprises doping said SOI layer with a group IIIA or a group V dopant.

Claim 27 (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein said source/drain extension regions have a thickness of about 20.0 nm to about 70.0 nm.

Claim 28 (Withdrawn) A thin channel MOSFET comprising:
a SOI substrate comprising a SOI layer overlying a uniform insulator layer, said SOI layer having a lesser thickness portion and a greater thickness portion;
a gate region atop said SOI substrate having composite spacers;
source and drain extension regions within said greater thickness portion of said SOI layer;

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a channel self-aligned to said gate region and separating said source and drain extension regions, said channel located in said lesser thickness region of said SOI layer;
and

a localized oxide region atop said uniform insulator layer and underlying said channel region.

Claim 29 (Withdrawn) The thin channel MOSFET of Claim 26 wherein said composite spacer comprises a nitride spacer overlying a pad oxide spacer, where said pad oxide region is positioned in the shadow of the overlying nitride spacer.

Claim 30 (Withdrawn) The thin channel MOSFET of Claim 26 having an external resistance of less than about 400.0 Ohm/ μm .